In the Matter of:

National Rifle Association of America

Ackerman McQueen, Inc.

&

Mercury Group, Inc.

Motion

June 26, 2019

Samo | Court Reporting Videography Videoconferencing

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1	COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA
2	IN THE ALEXANDRIA CIRCUIT COURT
3	
4	NATIONAL RIPLE ASSOCIATION OF AMERICA,
5	Plaintiff,
6	-vs- Case Nos. CL 19001757
7	and CL 19002067
8	ACKERMAN MCQUEEN, INC.
9	and
10	MERCURY GROUP, INC.
11	Defendants.
12	
13	HEARING in the above-entitled matter,
14	held in Alexandria Circuit Court in
15	Alexandria, Virginia on June 26, 2019, before
16	the HON. NOLAN DAWKINS, Presiding Circuit
17	Court Judge.
18	
19	
20	
21	Reported by:
22	Jacqueline N. Hagen

	40 W 1990
1	PROCEEDINGS
2	(Whereupon the proceedings began at
3	10:57 a.m. )
4	MR. COX: Your Honor, Bob Cox
5	representing the National Rifle Association.
6	THE COURT: Okay.
7	MR. COX: And with me is Michael
8	Collins, who's the subject of the motion for
9	pro hac vice. It's one of the motions that's
10	contested today.
11	THE COURT: Again, let the record
12	reflect this is the matter of Commonwealth
13	vs. Ackerman McQueen, Inc., and Mercury Inc.
14	The matter comes on cross motion for pro hac
15	vice; is that correct?
16	MR. DICKIESON: There's a number of
17	other motions, your Honor. There's a motion
18	for preliminary injunction.
19	THE COURT: That's not going to happen,
20	sir. It just can't. I can't do that. I
21	don't understand how it's possible that I can
22	do a preliminary injunction in this matter in

1	30 minutes. It can't happen.
2	MR. DICKIESON: Your Honor, if I
3	could
4	THE COURT: Can't happen.
5	MR. DICKIESON: If I could address the
6	Court on that issue, that this is a matter
7	that there's going to be 40 five to 60
8	employees laid off within the week if we
9	cannot get the relief that we're requesting
10	the Court. We've asked the supervisor of the
11	the court schedule if we could get one
12	specially set later this week or even early
13	next week. Nothing is available until after
14	the Fourth of July when these people will be
15	furloughed, terminated, and their their
16	lives will be disrupted. The AMC, Ackerman
17	McQueen business will will suffer good
18	will, harm, and substantial loss of the
19	employees that it needs. So that's why we
20	we talked with the law clerk, the the
21	Court's law clerk, and we said we'd take
22	whatever time we got. We

1	THE COURT: That's him.
2	MR. DICKIESON: We'll take whatever the
3	time the Court will give us, but this is the
4	most important issue that needs to be
5	addressed today. The other issues can wait
6	until another day, but we need to deal with
7	the irreparable harm that will befall AMC
8	within the week. That's why we have I
9	have with me the CFO of AMc, who came here
10	from Oklahoma City. He's prepared he's
11	submitted a declaration. He's prepared to
12	testify, if necessary. But we understand
13	that the Court is not going to have
14	evidentiary hearing on this, but he's here to
1,5	provide me with the information about the
16	irreparable harm that will befall to AMc if
17	we cannot get this matter relief from the
18	Court today.
19	So we'd ask that the 30 minutes be
20	devoted to the preliminary injunction. If we
21	don't finish, then we'll set it for some
22	matter, but we believe that we need the

1	relief this week for this matter.
2	MR. COX: Your Honor, our position,
3	first, that we would like to find out today
4	whether Mr. Collins is in or out of the case,
5	also to determine whether the Brewer firm is
6	or in out of the case, potentially. We'd
7	like that motion heard first. We we've
8	Mr. Dickieson and I have communicated with
9	the clerk. Our position is that we don't
10	believe that there is sufficient time for a
.11	preliminary injunction hearing and but we
12	think that the if the Court is willing to
13	entertain this motion today, that we feel
14	that they're they have not met their
15	burden as a matter of law to prove the
16	relief. This is a mandatory preliminary
17	injunction.
18	And, secondly, if the Court is not
19	inclined to rule in favor, we think it's
20	appropriate for an evidentiary hearing, and
21	that should be set down for a date certain
22	that would give the parties time to issue

1	some limited written discovery, just getting
2	factual information. They have a declaration
3	they've submitted, no documents, no financial
4	statements, no back-up about the financial
5	and irreparable harm here. We feel we should
6	conduct limited written discovery and take
7	two to three depositions.
8	THE COURT: And I understand that the
9	alleged irreparable harm is that you're going
10	to lose you're going to lose 40 employees;
11	is that correct?
12	MR. DICKIESON: 45 to 60 employees
13	within the week, your Honor.
14	THE COURT: But that means they won't
15	get paid. You won't lose them.
16	MR. DICKIESON: Your Honor, they're
17	going to be looking for other work.
18	THE COURT: That may be so, but that's
19	speculative, at best. But I just don't know
20	how I can do it. I don't have to do it I
21	don't have to do it today, based on what I
22	what I read so far, and let me let me

1	advise counsel, too. I'm going to I'm
2	going to probably give you a little more than
3.	30 minutes. I'm going to give everyone,
4	since we got outside counsel, a copy of the
5	local rules since I've been we've been
6	receiving receiving documents as early
7	as late as yesterday for the Court's
8	consideration, and that's just not the
9	appropriate way to do it in this court.
10	Can I just hand each of you a copy of
11	the local rules so you know what the
12	timelines are in the future with regard to
13	filing the pleadings?
14	MR. DICKIESON: Thank you.
15	MR. COX: Thank you, your Honor.
16	THE COURT: All right. Now, with regard
17	to Mr. Cox, I hear I hear the motion. As
18	I understand it, the motion is that Mr.
19	Collins is associated with Mr. Brewer; is
20	that correct?
21	MR. COX: He is partner with the Brewer
22	firm. He's in the Dallas office, not in the

1	New York office.
2	THE COURT: And Mr. Collins is willing
3	to, essentially, expose himself to the
4	potential for malpractice and other claims
5	that may result if if, in fact, he is
6	associated to the extent that he has inside
7	knowledge as it relates to the plaintiff. It
8	seems to me that's that's a major risk
9	he's taking, you know. You're saying that
10	that partner A can be here, and partner B can
11	be on the other side. You can't serve two
12	masters. How's that's possible?
13	MR. COX: Your Honor, under Rule 3.7(c),
14	the allegation here is that Mr. Brewer is a
15	potential witness.
16	THE COURT: A potential witness, that's
17	right.
18	MR. COX: And so because the fact that
19	Mr. Brewer is a witness doesn't impute
20	disqualification under Rule 1.10 or
21	Rule 3.7(c) to the entire firm. So our
22	position is the fact that Mr. Brewer might be

1	a witnesses in this case only that 3.7
2	would impute disqualification to the firm is
3	if there's an actual conflict of interest
4	under Rule 1.7 or Rule 1.9, and our position
5	is that is that there's no actual conflict of
6	interest here.
7	First, there's a matter of law. We
8	dispute the allegations in the counterclaim
9	that somehow the the firm is benefitting
10	financially from from media relations.
11	They have a staff of four people. They
12	cannot undertake the work that Ackerman
13	performs for the NRA as a media relations
14	department that they use strictly for pending
15	cases. So we dispute the factual allegations
16	that Mr. Collins would be financially
17	benefitting from any diversion of of
18	marketing from business from Ackerman.
19	And our position is that all they've
20	alleged is that Mr. Brewer, right now, is a
21	potential witness in the case. At that
22	point, under my reading of the the case

1	law, there's not much in Virginia, your
2	Honor. We've cited to some Fourth Circuit
3	and EDVA law that that's not enough to
4	disqualify the firm.
5	Our feeling is that on a motion for
6	pro hac vice, the Court is looking primarily
7	at the fitness and character of the attorney,
8	and this is more appropriate for a motion for
9	disqualification. If they discover facts
10	during the course of the discovery or they
11	take Mr. Brewer's deposition and there does
12	appear to be an actual conflict under
13	Rule 1.7 and 1.9, I think, at that point, it
14	would be appropriate for a motion to
15	disqualify or, on our own, we may withdraw.
16	If there becomes an actual ethical conflict
17	here, at that point, the Brewer firm will
18	consider withdrawing.
19	THE COURT: Yes, sir.
20	MR. DICKIESON: Your Honor, it's not our
21	position that Mr. Brewer is going to be the
22	only witness in that firm, but that the other

1	partners in the firm are also going to be
2	witnesses. They're intricately linked.
3	They're billing \$20-some million a year for
4	the NRA for litigation strategies when we
5	have an abuse of process as a counterclaim,
6	and, therefore, we believe that Mr. Collins
7	will be a key witness in the case. And that
8	not only disqualifies him as for counsel, but
9	we believe he will have evidence he will
10	testify contrary to the interests of the NRA,
11	and that disqualifies not only him, but the
12	entire firm.
13	THE COURT: Is Mr. Brewer still
14	associated with the firm with NRA?
15	MR. DICKIESON: Mr. Brewer is the the
16	founding and it's called Brewer Attorneys
17	and Associates or something.
18	MR. COLLINS: That's incorrect.
19	MR. DICKIBSON: Attorneys and
20	Counselors. So yes, he's still associated
21	with the firm. He's still counsel for the
22	NRA, as well.

1	THE COURT: Somebody explain to me how
2	you can how can you represent both sides?
3	I'm I guess I'm I'm not following this.
4	Yes, sir?
5	MR. COX: Your Honor
6	THE COURT: And I recognize that for
7	purposes of the pro hac vice, that that I
8	think that I'm limited to what the rules
9	require, but I'm but that's that's
10	expanded further. How how does one
11	represent both sides of of the action?
12	MR. COX: Well, I guess, your Honor,
13	it's our position Mr. Brewer is not
14	representing both sides of the action. He's
15	not seeking to be litigation counsel or trial
16	counsel in this case. He's he is a
17	partner in the Brewer law firm, but my
18	reading of the ethical rules and obligations
19	are that just because he may be a witness
20	does not disqualify the firm again. And then
21	I, I guess there's no actual conflict
22	that's been demonstrated at this point. I

1	mean, the only conflict 1.9 deals with
2	former clients. 1.7 deals with an actual
3	client. So the only conflict would be if it
4	was demonstrated Mr. Brewer was going to be
5	called as a witness and testified adversely
6	to the National Rifle Association.
7	And at this point, I I Mr. Brewer
8	has not identified that he would have
9	information that would be in conflict with
10	the NRA's positions in this litigation, and,
11	your Honor, if you want to hear from Mr.
12	Collins, Mr. Collins has not had a direct
13	role in the dispute between the NRA and
14	Ackerman with regard to invoices and the
15	factual matter.
16	So I don't know where Mr. Dickieson is
17	coming from that he's a factual witness in
18	this case, and and Mr. Brewer and his firm
19	has never represented Ackerman or Mercury
20	Group, and so I don't see how they're on both
21	sides. They've always represented the

National Rifle Association.

1	MR. DICKIESON: Your Honor, my client is
2	reminding me that the Brewer law firm is
3	actual a client of Ackerman McQueen and has
4	been a long-term client of the firm. But
5	it's not just that they are witnesses in this
.6	case. They financially benefit. They have
7	an in-house public relations unit in the firm
8	that is siphoning away business from Ackerman
9	McQueen for the NRA work, and that's
10	that's a key factor in this case, what's
11	happening to the work that's being taken away
12	from AMc.
13	This is about abuse of process. This is
14	a small law firm, Brewer and Associates and
15	Counselors. There's not that many attorneys
16	there. I assume I think he's the number
17	two person there. To say he knows nothing
18	about the \$21 million that the NRA is is
19	is billing that he's billing the NRA is
20	not believable.
21	THE COURT: And not withstanding the
22	potential conflict that exists if he

1	continues to represent the NRA, Mr. Brewer
2	does, or the Brewer firm.
3	MR. DICKIESON: The Brewer firm does.
4	THE COURT: Is that correct?
5	MR. COX: Your Honor, yes, yes, they do.
6	Not in this case, I mean, the Brewer firm
7	would be representing or Mr. Collins would
8	be coming in as litigation counsel. But,
9	yes, the NRA is a client of the Brewer firm,
10	but again
11	THE COURT: Does Mr. Collins have,
12	necessarily, information that is provided to
13	the Brewer firm that would be a detriment to
14	the NRA?
15	MR, COX: Your Honor
16	THE COURT: Is there a wall? You know,
17	the old the old the old saying? It's
18	"I'm going to put up a wall." I'm not going
19	to use the first part, but I'm going to put
20	saying that I'm going to put up a wall.
21	You know what the old saying is is that
22	that's a little racist to say, to use the

with this case and a number of myself am not the client contact actually never had a substant:	act. I've
actually never had a substant:	ive discussion
4 with any client representative	e from the NRA.
5 I've never done any work for i	Ackerman
6 McQueen.	
7 Now, I think it is correct	ct they had done
8 some website service and thing	gs for the
9 firm Ackerman McQueen has	but we've
10 never done any legal work, to	ту
11 understanding. I know I've no	ever done any
12 legal work for Ackerman McQue	en, ever. So,
your Honor, as far as being or	n both sides,
14 I'm not on both sides. The f	irm is not on
15 both sides. I'm not aware of	any unique
16 knowledge I have with respect	to any claims
or defenses they are serving	other than what
18 litigation counsel would have	that like
19 Mr. Cox has.	
20 I've never spoken, I don	't think, to any
21 employee of Ackerman Mercury	group. Maybe
years ago about the work they	were doing for

1	the firm, but nothing to do with this matter,
2	your Honor, against Ackerman McQueen and
3	Mercury Group. So also, your Honor, whatever
4	knowledge I would have, I wouldn't be the one
5	with the most unique knowledge. At least,
6	that's my understanding. One of the elements
7	of 3.7 is
8	THE COURT: But isn't the case if he has
9	any knowledge, that could that could
10	potentially be a conflict?
11	MR. COLLINS: Well, it could be a
12	conflict with the NRA, your Honor? Or a
13	conflict with them?
14	THE COURT: I would say with both.
15	MR. COLLINS: Okay. Well, your Honor,
16	with respect to them, the attorney always
17	gains knowledge during the case. I'm not
18	sure of any unique knowledge I have outside
19	of this case, at all. With respect to the
20	NRA, your Honor, the issue is for the
21	attorney is the attorney's always going to
22	know something. So what the Court said is

1		since we want to be careful because
2		disqualifications and related-type
3		proceedings could be used as a key to motive
4		that, unless the attorney is essential to the
5		case, it's a fact they can't get otherwise,
6		you don't lock out the attorney.
7		And, your Honor, at least I know in
8		Texas and in many other jurisdictions I
9		don't know if it's any different in Virginia
10		that the attorney if it's a bench
11		trial, the attorney could still do this whole
12		case. If it's a jury trial, they could do
13		the case up to the jury trial. This Court is
14		sophisticated enough to know the difference
15		between attorney testimony and other
16.		testimony and not to be unduly swayed. It's
17		only when a jury gets involved that we're
18		concerned. And my understanding, your Honor,
19		is the NRA knows all about the potential
20		conflict and has no problem, whatsoever.
21	100	So you put all those things together,
22		your Honor, I'm just not sure if this even

gets close to 3.7. And as far as me being a witness, they can speculate. We had the same issue that their attorneys are trying to pro hac about whether they're involved in the underlying facts, you know. We just think the best way is for both sides to get admitted, and then, if someone has got a disqualification issue, they can raise it. And yes, we'll take it seriously, your Honor. If they've got grounds for us and they explain those grounds for us, we'll take them very seriously. But, as I say, your Honor, pretty much the rule is until you actually hold a jury trial, that attorney can take the depositions, can do the hearings before the judge. And I'll answer any other questions you may have, your Honor.  THE COURT: The motion is granted. The motion is granted.  MR. COX: Okay. Thank you, your Honor. THE COURT: What's that? MR. DICKIESON: Your Honor? There was a		
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There was a	20	MR. COX: Okay. Thank you, your Honor.
MR. DICKIESON: Your Honor? There was a	21	THE COURT: What's that?
	22	MR. DICKIESON: Your Honor? There was a

1	pro hac vice motion for the attorneys on our
2	side that was not contested.
3	THE COURT: That was that was by
4	consent?
5	MR. DICKIESON: Right. Yes, sir.
6	THE COURT: That, likewise, is granted.
7	MR. DICKIESON: And the motion to
8	consolidate is
9	THE COURT: That motion is granted.
10	MR. DICKIESON: All right. So that
11	leaves us getting to the heart of the matter
12	of preliminary injunction. If I could begin
13	on that, your Honor, in the time we have
14	left?
15	THE COURT: I'll allow you 15 minutes.
16	MR. DICKIESON: All right. What we are
17	witnessing here, your Honor, is the implosion
18	of the NRA. Let me let me correct this.
19	It's not an implosion. It's an explosion
20	because it's not simply harming the NRA, it's
21	harming those people that are in proximity to
22	the NRA. And AMc happens to be one of those

-	A COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE P
1	people in the proximity that is now being
2	harmed by the NRA's actions. They have
3	stopped making payments on millions of
4	dollars of invoices that they routinely paid
5	for 38 years to AMc.
6	THE COURT: Let me that's a
7	collection matter. As I understand it, this
8	is a breach of contract, collection. I think
9	there's an issue with past due accounts
10	and
11	MR. DICKIESON: Abuse of process.
12	THE COURT: Abuse of process. That's
13	right.
14	MR. DICKIESON: Counterclaim.
15	THE COURT: So so to a much higher
16	sense, this is a collection matter. You
17	you you haven't been paid, and want to be
18	paid. So you come to court and you ask the
19	Court to rule against one party or the other
20	to be to be paid; is that correct?
21	MR. DICKIESON: Yes, your Honor, but
22	what we're also trying to do is enforce the

contract. And the Court has the equitable

power to enforce the contract, and here,

where there's an irreparable injury, 40 five

to 60 employees who will be forced to be

terminated or furloughed if the NRA does not

follow through on their obligations, which is

clear in -- in the contract that they have to

pay the invoices within 30 days. If they

don't pay within 30 days, they have to post a

\$3 million letter of credit.

They haven't paid within 30 days. They haven't posted a letter of credit. This

Court has the power to enforce that contract.

Now, what they responded with on Monday was a rather pedestrian brief that says, "Well, we -- we have the likelihood of success on our side because there's issues that they breached first." But the likelihood of success -- when you look at this issue, they have the invoices. They have 10 days to contest the invoices. They didn't contest them within 10 days. They have 30 days to

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pay them. It's all written out there. It's
all clear. They can't contest those facts.
They have to post a \$3 million letter of
credit in that situation. This Court has the
power to prevent the irreparable harm that's
about to fall to AMc.
Now, what we are seeing they filed a

breach -- as I say, a rather pedestrian brief -- on Monday laying out the -- the four elements. What they didn't tell the Court and what they didn't tell us on Monday is that on Tuesday, they're sending out a notice to terminate the entire contract. And he hasn't mentioned that yet. It wasn't mentioned in the brief, and we think that what this is is that we have already issued a 90-day notice to wind down the contract and orderly end this relationship that has turned sour. That's the logical, rational, reasonable business thing to do. The day before -- the night before, 7 o'clock last night, we get a letter that says, "We are

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1	terminating the contract entirely. We're not
2	paying anything more.*
3	THE COURT: And that contract amounts to
4	\$40 million a year; is that correct?
5	MR. DICKIESON: I think the last year
6	that that was the total amount that was paid
7	but that a number of that goes to
8	expenses, for example, paying talent, such as
9	Oliver North, who's paid several million
.0	dollars a year for his role in the NRA TV,
11	which is produced and managed by Ackerman
12	McQueen. Ackerman McQueen has served as the
13	voice of the NRA for for decades, and they
L4	are intertwined in the NRA business. So what
1.5	what the situation is here: We have a
16	very complex relationship that has to be
17	pulled apart, and what they did last night
18	was saying "Take an axe and just cut it right
19	in half, and don't worry about any of the
20	consequences."
21	Now, we don't think that notice is valid
22	because before they can terminate, they got

1	to pay everything that they owe, but they
2	haven't done that. So we're still in a
3	situation where we're trying to do a 90-day
4	termination period, gradually and with, as it
5	says in the contract, good faith
6	negotiations. They're not interested in good
7	faith negotiations. They're interested in,
8	before this hearing, disrupting the process
9	by saying, "We're terminating."
10	THE COURT: But correct me if I'm wrong.
11	The invoice that we're talking about is a
12	\$1.6 million invoice; is it not?
13	MR. DICKIESON: That's the the sum of
14	the these eight invoices.
15	THE COURT: But the the the credit
16	would be 1.6 million?
17	MR. DICKIBSON: Correct.
18	THE COURT: And if you lose a
19	\$40 million contract, you're going to lose
20	those 65 clients 65 employees, anyway,
21	aren't you?
22	MR. DICKIESON: They're going to be

1		transitioned away, not not severed
2		immediately, your Honor, and that's that's
3		when you when you talk about people's
4		lives and whether or not you give them 90
5		days to transition or to transition tomorrow,
6		that's that's that's a concrete harm.
7		This Court deals with harms that are much
8		less significant than that and
9		THE COURT: This is more about the 1.6
10		as opposed to the 40 million?
11		MR. DICKIBSON: 1.6 plus we've been
12	w.	required to do work since that May 1st
.3		invoice was issued, and I believe that
4		there's another equivalent amount that's
15		already due since that last invoice.
16		THE COURT: All right. Yes, sir.
17		MR. DICKIESON: And that's why the \$3
18		million letter of credit is the logical thing
19		that this Court can do within its equitable
20		powers to enforce the \$3 million letter of
21	1 2	credit to be issued.
22		THE COURT: Yes, sir.

1	MR. DICKIESON: So I have more stuff,
2	but I'll let them respond to that argument at
3	this point.
4	THE COURT: I'm still not understanding
5	how I can do this without setting for
6	testimony.
7	MR. DICKIESON: Your Honor, we provided
8	a declaration for the Court that lays out the
9	irreparable injury. We've provided the
10	services agreement where the terms are
11	concrete and clear that the if you don't
12	pay within 30 days, you must post the \$3
13	million letter of credit. All we're asking
14	is that that one clause be enforced.
15	THE COURT: Okay. All right. Yes, sir.
16	MR. COX: Thank you, your Honor. I just
17	want to note that and I won't go into
18	detail because we have a shorter period
19	amount of time, but the grant of interim
20	injunctive relief is an extraordinary remedy
21	involving a very far-reaching power of this
22	Court. And the standard is ever higher for

1	preliminary mandatory injunction relief, is
2	what they're seeking here. They're not
3	seeking to have the NRA restrained or stopped
4	from some activity. They're asking them
5	actually to take steps and put up a line of
6	credit in this case. So just we cited
7	these in our brief, and in Ray v. Microsoft
8	(phonetic), Tiffany v. Forbes, those have
9	established that there is a higher, clear,
1.0	and convincing probability standard that they
11	need to meet as to irreparable harm,
12	substantial likelihood of success, and the
13	two other standards.
14	Again, the Court has correctly noted
15	that this is a breach of contract case. And
16	as many courts have held, including the
17	Supreme Court in Samson V. Murray, mere
18	injuries, however substantial, in terms of
19	money, time, and energy necessarily expended
20	in the absence of a stay are not enough. The
21	possibility that adequate compensatory or
22	other corrective relief will be available at

1	a later date in the ordinary course of the
2	litigation weighs heavily against a claim of
3	irreparable harm. We think this is the exact
4	case here, your Honor.
5	As your Honor has pointed out in
6	questions with Mr. Dickieson, what we're
7	talking about here is that they've already
8	sent us a letter of termination on May 29th.
9	They're terminating the contract. Now,
10	they've said that "We're going to do it over
11	a 90-day period," but what they're here
12	arguing is that they are entitled to
13	preliminary injunctive relief because they're
14	going to have to lay off employees or start
15	furloughing employees within the next week,
16	as opposed to 60 days from now, which they're
17	still the Court correctly pointed out
18	they're still going to have to do.
19	So either way, they are going to have to
20	furlough these employees. And I would
21	submit, your Honor, and you pointed to this,
22	that the declaration submitted by Mr. Winkler

1	docsn't provide an adequate evidentiary
2	record for the Court to rule on this motion.
3	We pointed out to several instances where the
4	conclusory statements of law as to whether
5	the NRA has breached the contract and, in
6	addition, they have all of the financial
7	information. They have not set forth either
8	in their in Mr. Winkler's declaration or
9	in the brief what steps they've taken to
10	mitigate the damages.
11	I mean, this is \$1.6 million that's in
12	dispute. I will note for the Court, your
13	Honor, that we haven't said we're not going
14	to pay the invoices. The NRA has sent
15	multiple letters and emails to the Ackerman
16	firm asking for evidence and details. In
17	addition, Mr. Winkler and in their brief
18	THE COURT: That's what I'm saying. It
19	renders this matter moot. If you're going to
20	pay it, doesn't it render this matter moot?
21	MR. COX: Yes, your Honor.
22	THE COURT: All right. Go ahead. I'm

1	listening.
2	MR. COX: So and they haven't
3	indicated, your Honor, that what this
4	\$1.6 million they they get \$4 million
5	dollars a year from the NRA alone. It it
6	seems strange per duly for this court that
7	\$1.6 million, which may be going to
8	celebrities, such as Colonel North's
9	contract, Dana Loesch's contracts, and
10	others. They haven't broken down whether
11	this is actual salaries for line employees
12	they're going to have to furlough verus money
13	they're going to have to pay out to people,
14	celebrities, they have contracts with.
15	So I don't think that they they could
16	have submitted financial statements in
17	support of their declaration, and they
18	haven't. I think that if the Court as a
19	as a basis for today's hearing, I don't think
20	they've set a legal they haven't met the
21	legal standard for proving irreparable harm
22	in this instance. But even as the Court has

1	noted, I don't think that they have adequate
2	evidentiary support, and we would need to
3	proceed with an evidentiary hearing at a date
4	certain. I think this is something the Court
5	could set very soon, later in July or the
6	first week of August. Give us an opportunity
7	to, perhaps, take Mr. Winkler's deposition,
8	obtain some additional financial information
9	to see whether what their support is for
10	the irreparable harm. I think there's an
11	insufficient record as it stands before the
12	Court.
13	And as to the letter that was sent last
14	night, I became aware of a letter last night
15	around 7. I mean, that's why I didn't have
16	it in our brief that we filed on Monday. But
17	I believe that the NRA is taking the position
18	that Ackerman has already said they're
19	terminating the contract, and they sent that
20	letter of termination on May the 29th, and
21	the NRA has stated, "Well, at this point, we
22	we agree. Let's we're terminating it,

1	but rather than this wind-down period, let's
2	terminate it at this point."
3	Again, I think that there are numerous
4	questions of fact about their financial
5	condition, also about how much cash they need
6	to make their obligations that just aren't
7	known, and what steps, if any, they've taken
8	to mitigate or find other sources. Perhaps,
9	they have a line of credit already that they
10	can borrow on to pay employees. I know my
11	law firm does. Thank you, your Honor.
12	MR. DICKIESON: Your Honor, we have a
13	copy of the termination letter that we
14	received last night, if I can hand it up to
15	the Court to submit it as Exhibit A for us.
16	(Whereupon Exhibit A was submitted for
17	evidence.)
18	MR. DICKIESON: And for the record, we
19	received that after 7 o'clock Eastern time
20	last night. Obviously, it was intended to be
21	issued prior to this hearing because they
22	don't want to pay the what their

obligations. They want to delay it. Th	ey
want to postpone the payment. They want	
until after the damage is done. That's	part
of the abuse of process that we're alleg	ing
in this case, that they want to take leg	al
actions, use the process of this Court,	to
harm Ackerman McQueen.	

THE COURT: I just don't know how it's feasible for me to grant your motion for injunction in this matter without the benefit of an evidentiary hearing. However, I think that the real, great important factor is that I think in with regards to the injunction you've got -- you have to establish irreparable harm, and I'm hearing that you've got a firm that has historically had income of million -- \$40 million, and they're potentially going to be unable, currently, to collect 1.6 million on this account. And that 1.6 million will ultimately result in, I guess, a harm to the -- to the company because of the failure in ability to pay

1	salaries; is that correct?
2	MR. DICKIESON: Yes, your Honor, and the
3	\$40 million reflects the prior year. But
4	there's also been some effort in the
5	intervening months to wind down, which is why
6	1.6 million for the last month is not one-
7	twelfth of the 40 million. The parties have
8	been working to reduce the scope of services,
9	but this is not like we've got a stockpile of
10	some \$40 million we can live off of for the
11	time being.
12	THE COURT: But I assume this is not the
1.3	only client?
.4	MR. DICKIESON: It's not, but it's
15	approximately 35 percent of the business,
16	35 percent of the employees of the firm.
1.7	THE COURT: All right. Counsel, I'm
18	I'm at this stage, unwilling to grant your
19	motion, but I'll say this is that if you
20	desire an evidentiary hearing, I will grant
21	you to get a date certain, and we can hear
22	matters at a later date, and you can put in

1	prejudice?	
2	MR. COX: Yes, your Honor, but I can	
3	draft an order and submit it to Mr. Dickie	son
4	and get it to the Court.	
5	THE COURT: And we have all the	12
6	necessary documents with regards to the	
7	pro hac vice; is that correct?	
8	MR. COX: Yes, your Honor.	
9	MR. DICKIESON: Yes, sir.	
10	MR. COX: Your Honor, one one other	r
11	two two questions. One is we were	
12	before the Court two weeks ago on a motion	to
13	seal, and your Honor ruled on that motion.	
14	And we have a prepared order that just all	ows
15	for filing of a revised answer on behalf or	£
16	Ackerman, I believe Mr. Dickieson has sign	ned
17	off on that order. We would just like to	
18	pass it up for the Court's signature.	
19	THE COURT: Okay.	
20	MR. DICKIESON: Yes, your Honor, we	
21	defer to them on their selection.	
22	THE COURT: All right.	

1	MR. COX: And then oh, do you have
2	the original order? I gave it to you, but I
3	have Jim's Jim's signature if you want to
4	sign it. That's it. Thank you. The only
5	one, I believe, and this is I'll take this
6	down and file it with the clerk, and then
7	your Honor, one final, just I had two
8	questions, one related to the pro hac vice
9	and this came from a discussion Mr. Dickieson
10	and I had. Now that Mr. Collins is admitted
11	in the case, is the court's procedurally I
12	know that I have to be present with Mr.
13	Collin any time for a court hearing. Is he
14	able to conduct depositions without local
15	counsel being present? Or does the local
16	counsel need to be present for depositions
17	that
18	THE COURT: I would prefer local counsel
19	be present.
20	MR. COX: Prefer present?
21	THE COURT: Yes.
22	MR. COX: And then for the evidentiary

1	hearing that that Mr. Dickieson and I are
2	heading down, do I raise issues with regard
3	to I had indicated to the Court that we
4	would like to take limited discovery,
5	including Mr. Winkler's deposition and some
6	limited document requests. Is that something
7	we raise with the calendar control when we go
8	downstairs?
9	THE COURT: Yes.
10	MR. COX: Thank you, your Honor.
11	MR. DICKIESON: One last matter, your
12	Honor. I wanted to let you know that we have
13	two of the pro hac vice attorneys on our side
14	that have been admitted. Mr. David Schertler
15	and Mr. Joseph González are in the courtroom.
16	UNIDENTIFIED ATTORNEY: Good morning,
17	your Honor.
18	THE COURT: Welcome. Welcome.
19	UNIDENTIFIED ATTORNEY: Thank you, sir.
20	THE COURT: Do we have any idea when we
21	are likely to try this matter? And I guess
22	my question is how many days do you think

1	you're going to need to try it,
2	approximately?
3	MR. DICKIESON: Your Honor, my position
4	is that the parties are obligated under the
5	contract to have good faith effort to try to
6	resolve this. I think we should try
7	mediation first.
8	THE COURT: Okay. All right.
9	MR. DICKIESON: And I think that's the
10	appropriate way to go before we start trying
11	to schedule an expedited trial.
12	THE COURT: All right.
13	MR. COX: Your Honor, just so you have
L4	our position, we think that it's we think
15	it's, by estimate, a five to six-day trial.
16	THE COURT: Okay.
17	MR. COX: And we're prepared, if your
18	Honor would like us to, to go I was
.9	waiting to receive a notice to come to
20	calendar control to set a schedule, but if
21	your Honor would like us to come in on a
22	return date

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1	THE COURT: No.
2	MR. COX: and set it, we can do it.
3	We're we're moving forward with discovery.
4	THE COURT: Do it at your pleasure.
5	MR, COX: Thank you, your Honor.
6	THE COURT: Again, I strongly urge you
7	to familiarize yourself with the local rules
8	with regards to pleadings and everything.
9	You you worked my law clerk to death in
10	the last how how many days?
11	THE CLERK: I would say around seven.
12	THE COURT: Seven. Okay. Give him a
13	break, okay?
14	MR. COX: Your Honor your Honor, I
15	apologize, and I just perhaps it was
16	unfamiliarity. I didn't realize that I
17	wasn't permitted a reply brief. So that's
18	I apologize for submitting that. One other
19	thing. I I did I do have an order with
20	regard to Mr. Collins
21	THE COURT: How many times are you going
22	to say "one other thing"?

1	MR. COX: I'm sorry. But I did I do
2	have the order. I don't now that these
3	matters are consolidated, I don't know
4	whether you need two orders or just the one.
5	THE COURT: Why don't we do two to be
6	safe?
7	MR. COX: Okay.
8	THE COURT: Okay.
9	MR. COX: Thank you.
10	THE COURT: All right. Thank you,
u	gentlemen.
12	MR. COX: Thank you, your Honor.
13	
14	(Whereupon the proceedings concluded at
15	11:36 a.m.)
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1	REPORTER CERTIFICATE
2	
3	I, JACQUELINE N. HAGEN, Court Reporter and Notary Public,
4	certify:
5	That the foregoing proceedings were taken before me at
6	the time and place herein set forth, at which time the
7	witness was put under oath for me;
8	That the testimony of the witness and all objections made
9	at the time of the examination were recorded
10	stenographically by me and were thereafter transcribed;
11	That the foregoing is a true and correct transcript of my
12	shorthand notes so taken;
13	I further certify that I am not a relative or employee of
14	any attorney or of any of the parties not financially
15	interested in this action.
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	JACQUELINE N. HAGEN
21	
22	Dated: June 26, 2019